#### CHESTNUT TREE HILL ROAD MILLING & PAVING RFP 2025-005 ADDENDUM 1

- 1. The bid deadline is extended to June 9, 2025 at 10:00 AM.
- 2. I assume this will be prevailing wage, but your verbiage is unclear. What rates are we using?
  - a. Per the Bid Form and section 20 of the Information for Bidders, this is a prevailing wage project. The prevailing wage package is attached.
- 3. Part of the bid says contractor to supply all labor, equipment, and materials, but then the technical spec's say the town of Southbury is suppling materials. Which is correct?
  - a. The Town will supply bituminous concrete materials for items 3, 5, and 6. The Contractor is responsible for supplying all other materials.
- 4. If contractor is supplying material, will there be asphalt escalation allowance for the material?
  - a. Not applicable.
- 5. Are driveway aprons to be saw cut, removed, prepped, and replaced or are they getting overlayed?
  - a. Per the Town of Southbury Specifications for Public Improvements item "Driveway Replacement", driveway aprons are to be saw cut, removed, prepped, and replaced with 2 inches of bituminous concrete.
- 6. Is the existing curbing to be removed?
  - a. Yes, by the contractor.
- 7. Will the town of Southbury be taking the millings and dig out material(curbing, driveway aprons) or is it the responsibility of the contractor to dispose?
  - a. Per section 24 and 27 of the General Conditions, it is the Contractor's responsibility to dispose of all excess material, including millings, curbing, and driveway aprons.
- 8. Bid spec says to provide 1 flagger for work, will the town be supplying police for traffic control at all?
  - a. The Town will provide police traffic control if they deem it necessary. However, this is a low volume road, so police protection is not likely to be necessary.
- 9. Your tack coat spec says PG64-22, but that spec is liquid asphalt essentially, not really tack coat. Tack coat spec should be RS1, RS1H, or NTT(no track tack). Would you be open to switch to one of these.
  - a. For item 2, emulsions RS-1, RS-1H, or NTT are acceptable. For the paving fabric, PG 64-22 or equivalent liquid asphalt is to be used, per manufacturer's installation guidelines.
- 10. The add alternate for the fabric does not have any line item for shimming. When placing this fabric over a milled surface you always have to shim prior to placement of the fabric, no fabric installer will install directly on top of milled surface. Will you add a line item for shimming?
  - a. Per the installation guide, "PETROMAT may be placed on and will conform to typical milled surfaces provided they are completely clean and sound." Any paving fabric bid shall conform to a milled surface.

- 11. Is the town backfilling edges and behind curb?
  - a. Yes.
- 12. The alternate bid has the tack coat and the fabric as separate items, the quotes from fabric installers is a complete installed price generally, tack coat(liquid asphalt) is necessary for install. Is this line item for something else? Why is it separated?
  - a. The liquid asphalt in the alternate is required for the paving fabric. However, for simplicity, a modified bid form is attached with only the paving fabric as an alternate. This item is to include paving fabric and liquid asphalt, which is to be applied at a rate of 0.25 gallons/square yard or the manufacturer's installation guidelines.
- 13. What are the work hours?
  - a. Work hours are generally 7:00 AM to 5:00 PM. As conditions dictate, slightly extended hours may be allowed.
- 14. Will the Town take any of the Millings?
  - a. See #7.
- 15. Where dose the work start and stop on Chestnut Tree hill Rd?
  - a. The entirety of Chestnut Tree Hill Road is to be milled and paved, from its intersection with Reservoir Road to its termination at Hillcrest Drive.

#### BID FORM CHESTNUT TREE HILL ROAD MILLING & PAVING RFP 2025-005

The bidder declares that he/she has thoroughly examined the specifications and all other bidding documents for the proposed work, dated May 12, 2025, and that, if his/her bid is accepted, he/she will contract with the Town to furnish all labor, equipment and required material and to perform all the work required by the Town of Southbury as directed and as stipulated in the specifications, and that he/she will take in full payment therefore, the unit price applicable to each item of the work as stated in the following schedule:

#### PREVAILING WAGE RATES

Item	Estimated	Description		Price in	Total in
	Quantity	<b>Unit Price in Words</b>		Figures	Figures
1	20,095	Milling of bituminous concrete pavement (2")	, per square		
	square	yard		\$	\$
	yards		dollars and		
			cents		
2	2,771	Asphalt pavement crack filling, per pound			
	pounds		dollars and	\$	\$
			cents		
3	2,282	Bituminous concrete lip curbing (6"), per linea	ar foot		
	linear feet		dollars and	\$	\$
			cents		
4	1,005	Tack coat, per gallon			
	gallons		dollars and	\$	\$
			cents		
5	2,261 tons	Bituminous concrete pavement (HMA S0.375	), per ton		
			dollars and	\$	\$
			cents		
6	35 tons	Driveway replacement, per ton			
			dollars and	\$	\$
			cents		

			_	
		estimated quantities indicated above		\$ 
			dollars and	
			cents	
DD AI	LTERNA	TES		
2	20,095	Paving fabric, per square yard		
S	quare		dollars and	\$ \$
у	vards		cents	
		Total of items 1-7, as computed by bidder u	sing the	
		estimated quantities indicated above		\$ 
			dollars and	
			cents	

Project: Chestnut Tree Hill Road: Roadway Milling and Paving

Minimum Rates and Classifications for Heavy/Highway Construction

ID#: 25-5441

### Connecticut Department of Labor Wage and Workplace Standards Division

By virtue of the authority vested in the Labor Commissioner under provisions of Section 31-53 of the General Statutes of Connecticut, as amended, the following are declared to be the prevailing rates and welfare payments and will apply only where the contract is advertised for bid within 20 days of the date on which the rates are established. Any contractor or subcontractor not obligated by agreement to pay to the welfare and pension fund shall pay this amount to each employee as part of his/her hourly wages.

Project Number: Project Town: Southbury

State#: FAP#:

Project: Chestnut Tree Hill Road: Roadway Milling and Paving

CLASSIFICATION	Hourly Rate	Benefits
1) Boilermaker	48.21	30.01
1a) Bricklayer, Cement Masons, Cement Finishers, Plasterers, Stone Masons	43.14	34.74
2) Carpenters, Piledrivermen	42.03	29.19
2a) Diver Tenders	42.03	29.19
3) Divers	50.49	29.19
03a) Millwrights	43.25	29.13
4) Painters: (Bridge Construction) Brush, Roller, Blasting (Sand, Water, etc.), Spray	57.85	25.95
4a) Painters: Brush and Roller	38.07	25.80
4b) Painters: Spray Only	41.07	25.80

4c) Painters: Steel Only	40.07	25.80
4d) Painters: Blast and Spray	41.07	25.80
4e) Painters: Tanks, Tower and Swing	40.07	25.80
4f) Elevated Tanks (60 feet and above)	47.07	25.80
5) Electrician (Trade License required: E-1,2 L-5,6 C-5,6 T-1,2 L-1,2 V-1,2,7,8,9)	45.4	33.57+3% of gross wage
6) Ironworkers: Ornamental, Reinforcing, Structural, and Precast Concrete Erection	45.25	41.27 + a
7) Plumbers (Trade License required: (P-1,2,6,7,8,9 J-1,2,3,4 SP-1,2) and Pipefitters (Including HVAC Work) (Trade License required: S-1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8 B-1,2,3,4 D-1,2,3,4 G-1, G-2, G-8, G-9)	49.58	35.25
LABORERS		
8) Group 1: General Laborers and concrete specialist	35.7	28.85
8) Group 1a: Acetylene Burners (Hours worked with a torch)	36.7	28.85
9) Group 2: Chain saw operators, fence and guard rail erectors, pneumatic tool operators, powdermen	35.95	28.85
10) Group 3: Pipelayers	36.2	28.85
11) Group 4: Jackhammer/Pavement breaker (handheld); mason tenders (cement/concrete), catch basin builders, asphalt rakers, air track operators, block paver, curb setter and forklift operators	36.2	28.85

12) Group 5: Toxic waste removal (non-mechanical systems)	37.7	28.85
13) Group 6: Blasters	37.45	28.85
Group 7: Asbestos/lead removal, non-mechanical systems (does not include leaded joint pipe)	38.7	28.85
Group 8: Traffic control signalmen	21.42	28.85
Group 9: Hydraulic Drills	36.45	28.85
Group 10: Toxic Waste Removers A or B With PPE	38.7	28.85
LABORERS (TUNNEL CONSTRUCTION, FREE AIR). Shield Drive and Liner Plate Tunnels in Free Air		
13a) Miners, Motormen, Mucking Machine Operators, Nozzle Men, Grout Men, Shaft & Tunnel Steel & Rodmen, Shield & Erector, Arm Operator, Cable Tenders	37.93	28.85 + a
13b) Brakemen, Trackmen, Miners' Helpers and all other men	36.96	28.85 + a
CLEANING, CONCRETE AND CAULKING TUNNEL		
14) Concrete Workers, Form Movers, and Strippers	36.96	28.85 + a
15) Form Erectors	37.29	28.85 + a
ROCK SHAFT LINING, CONCRETE, LINING OF SAME AND TUNNEL IN FREE AIR:		
16) Brakemen, Trackmen, Tunnel Laborers, Shaft Laborers, Miners Helpers	36.96	28.85 + a
As of: May 23, 2025		

17) Laborers Topside, Cage Tenders, Bellman	36.85	28.85 + a
18) Miners	37.93	28.85 + a
TUNNELS, CAISSON AND CYLINDER WORK IN COMPRESSED AIR:		
18a) Blaster	44.42	28.85 + a
19) Brakemen, Trackmen, Groutman, Laborers, Outside Lock Tender, Gauge Tenders	44.22	28.85 + a
20) Change House Attendants, Powder Watchmen, Top on Iron Bolts	42.24	28.85 + a
21) Mucking Machine Operator, Grout Boss, Track Boss	45.01	28.85 + a
TRUCK DRIVERS(*see note below)		
Two Axle Trucks, Helpers	33.16	32.36 + a
Three Axle Trucks; Two Axle Ready Mix	33.27	32.36 + a
Three Axle Ready Mix	33.33	32.36 + a
Four Axle Trucks	33.39	32.36 + a
Four Axle Ready-Mix	33.44	32.36 + a
Heavy Duty Trailer (40 tons and over)	35.66	32.36 + a

Specialized earth moving equipment other than conventional type on-the road trucks and semi-trailer (including Euclids)	33.44	32.36 + a
Heavy Duty Trailer (up to 40 tons)	34.39	32.36 + a
Snorkle Truck	33.54	32.36 + a
POWER EQUIPMENT OPERATORS		
Group 1: Crane Handling or Erecting Structural Steel or Stone, Hoisting Engineer (2 drums or over). (Trade License Required)	58.19	29.80 + a
Group 1a: Front End Loader (7 cubic yards or over); Work Boat 26 ft. and over.	53.33	29.80 + a
Group 2: Cranes (100 ton rate capacity and over); Bauer Drill/Caisson. (Trade License Required)	57.78	29.80 + a
Group 2a: Cranes (under 100 ton rated capacity).	56.79	29.80 + a
Group 2b: Excavator over 2 cubic yards; Pile Driver (\$3.00 premium when operator controls hammer).	52.92	29.80 + a
Group 3: Excavator; Gradall; Master Mechanic; Hoisting Engineer (all types of equipment where a drum and cable are used to hoist or drag material regardless of motive power of operation), Rubber Tire Excavator (Drott-1085 or similar); Grader Operator; Bulldozer Fine Grade (slopes, shaping, laser or GPS, etc.). (Trade License Required)	51.92	29.80 + a
Group 4: Trenching Machines; Lighter Derrick; CMI Machine or Similar; Koehring Loader (Skooper).	51.42	29.80 + a
Group 5: Specialty Railroad Equipment; Asphalt Paver; Asphalt Spreader; Asphalt Reclaiming Machine; Line Grinder; Concrete Pumps; Drills with Self Contained Power Units; Boring Machine; Post Hole Digger; Auger; Pounder; Well Digger; Milling Machine (over 24" mandrel)	50.63	29.80 + a

Group 5 continued: Side Boom; Combination Hoe and Loader; Directional Driller.	50.63	29.80 + a
Group 6: Front End Loader (3 up to 7 cubic yards); Bulldozer (rough grade dozer).	50.22	29.80 + a
Group 7: Asphalt Roller; Concrete Saws and Cutters (ride on types); Vermeer Concrete Cutter; Stump Grinder; Scraper; Snooper; Skidder; Milling Machine (24" and under Mandrel)	49.77	29.80 + a
Group 8: Mechanic, Grease Truck Operator, Hydroblaster, Barrier Mover, Power Stone Spreader; Welder; Work Boat under 26 ft.; Transfer Machine.	49.25	29.80 + a
Group 9: Front End Loader (under 3 cubic yards), Skid Steer Loader regardless of attachments (Bobcat or Similar); Fork Lift, Power Chipper; Landscape Equipment (including hydroseeder), Vacuum Excavation Truck and Hydrovac Excavation Truck (27 HG pressure or greater).	48.67	29.80 + a
Group 10: Vibratory Hammer, Ice Machine, Diesel and Air Hammer, etc.	45.96	29.80 + a
Group 11: Conveyor, Earth Roller; Power Pavement Breaker (whiphammer), Robot Demolition Equipment.	45.96	29.80 + a
Group 12: Wellpoint Operator.	45.87	29.80 + a
Group 13: Compressor Battery Operator.	45.12	29.80 + a
Group 14: Elevator Operator; Tow Motor Operator (Solid Tire No Rough Terrain).	43.6	29.80 + a
Group 15: Generator Operator; Compressor Operator; Pump Operator; Welding Machine Operator; Heater Operator.	43.06	29.80 + a
Group 16: Maintenance Engineer.	42.2	29.80 + a

Group 17: Portable Asphalt Plant Operator; Portable Crusher Plant Operator; Portable Concrete Plant Operator., Portable Grout Plant Operator, Portable Water Filtration Plant Operator.	47.91	29.80 + a
Group 18: Power Safety Boat; Vacuum Truck; Zim Mixer; Sweeper; (minimum for any job requiring CDL license).	44.7	29.80 + a
Surveyor: Chief of Party	48.16	29.80 + a
Surveyor: Assistant Chief of Party	44.41	29.80 + a
Surveyor: Instrument Man	42.73	29.80 + a
Surveyor: Rodman or Chairman	36.78	29.80 + a
**NOTE: SEE BELOW		
LINE CONSTRUCTION(Railroad Construction and Maintenance)		
20) Lineman, Cable Splicer, Technician	48.84	18.07
21) Heavy Equipment Operator	42.26	6.5% + 19.88
22) Equipment Operator, Tractor Trailer Driver, Material Men	40.96	6.5% + 19.21
23) Driver Groundmen	26.5	6.5% + 9.00
23a) Truck Driver	40.96	6.5% + 17.76
LINE CONSTRUCTION		

24) Driver Groundmen	30.92	6.5% + 9.70
25) Groundmen	22.67	6.5% + 6.20
26) Heavy Equipment Operators	37.1	6.5% + 10.70
27) Linemen, Cable Splicers, Dynamite Men	41.22	6.5% + 12.20
28) Material Men, Tractor Trailer Drivers, Equipment Operators	35.04	6.5% + 10.45

Welders: Rate for craft to which welding is incidental.

Surveyors: Hazardous material removal: \$3.00 per hour premium.

Crane with 150 ft. boom (including jib) - \$1.50 extra
Crane with 200 ft. boom (including jib) - \$2.50 extra
Crane with 250 ft. boom (including jib) - \$5.00 extra
Crane with 300 ft. boom (including jib) - \$7.00 extra
Crane with 400 ft. boom (including jib) - \$10.00 extra

All classifications that indicate a percentage of the fringe benefits must be calculated at the percentage rate times the "base hourly rate".

Apprentices duly registered under the Commissioner of Labor's regulations on "Work Training Standards for Apprenticeship and Training Programs" Section 31-51-d-1 to 12, are allowed to be paid the appropriate percentage of the prevailing journeymen hourly base and the full fringe benefit rate, providing the work site ratio shall not be less than one full-time journeyperson instructing and supervising the work of each apprentice in a specific trade.

~~Connecticut General Statute Section 31-55a: Annual Adjustments to wage rates by contractors doing state work ~~

<sup>\*</sup>Note: Hazardous waste removal work receives additional \$1.25 per hour for truck drivers.

<sup>\*\*</sup>Note: Hazardous waste premium \$3.00 per hour over classified rate

The Prevailing wage rates applicable to this project are subject to annual adjustments each July 1st for the duration of the project.

Each contractor shall pay the annual adjusted prevailing wage rate that is in effect each July 1st, as posted by the Department of Labor.

It is the contractor's responsibility to obtain the annual adjusted prevailing wage rate increases directly from the Department of Labor's website.

The annual adjustments will be posted on the Department of Labor's Web page:

www.ct.gov/dol. For those without internet access, please contact the division listed below.

The Department of Labor will continue to issue the initial prevailing wage rate schedule to the Contracting Agency for the project.

All subsequent annual adjustments will be posted on our Web Site for contractor access.

Contracting Agencies are under no obligation pursuant to State labor law to pay any increase due to the annual adjustment provision.

Effective October 1, 2005 - Public Act 05-50: any person performing the work of any mechanic, laborer, or worker shall be paid prevailing wage

All Person who perform work ON SITE must be paid prevailing wage for the appropriate mechanic, laborer, or worker classification.

All certified payrolls must list the hours worked and wages paid to All Persons who perform work ON SITE regardless of their ownership i.e.: (Owners, Corporate Officers, LLC Members, Independent Contractors, et. al)

Reporting and payment of wages is required regardless of any contractual relationship alleged to exist between the contractor and such person.

~~Unlisted classifications needed for work not included within the scope of the classifications listed may be added after award only as provided in the labor standards contract clause (29 CFR 5.5 (a) (1) (ii)).

Please direct any questions which you may have pertaining to classification of work and payment of prevailing wages to the Wage and Workplace Standards Division, telephone (860)263-6790.





## THIS IS A PUBLIC WORKS PROJECT

**Covered by the** 

## PREVAILING WAGE LAW

CT General Statutes Section 31-53

If you have QUESTIONS regarding your wages CALL (860) 263-6790

Section 31-55 of the CT State Statutes requires every contractor or subcontractor performing work for the state to post in a prominent place the prevailing wages as determined by the Labor Commissioner.

Commissioner pursuant to subsection (a) of this section. The receipt and retention by a general contractor of such sworn affidavit shall fulfill the general contractor's obligation under subdivision (2) of this subsection.

- (4) Any person or firm that appears on the list distributed by the Labor Commissioner pursuant to subsection (a) of this section, for a period of up to three years from the date of publication of such list, shall be liable to the Labor Department for a civil penalty of one thousand dollars for each day or part of a day in which such person or firm performs any work under any contract with the state or any of its agents, or with any political subdivision of the state or any of its agents, for the construction, remodeling, refinishing, refurbishing, rehabilitation, alteration or repair of any public works project subject to the provisions of section 31-53 or any state highway project that falls under the provisions of section 31-54. The Attorney General, upon complaint of the Labor Commissioner, shall institute a civil action to recover such civil penalty. Any amount recovered shall be deposited in the General Fund and credited to a separate nonlapsing appropriation to the Labor Department, for other current expenses, and may be used by the Labor Department to enforce the provisions of this part. As used in this subdivision, "person or firm" includes any firm, corporation, partnership or association in which a person or firm appearing on the list distributed by the Labor Commissioner pursuant to subsection (a) of this section holds an interest of ten per cent or greater.
- (c) If the accrued payments withheld under the terms of a contract terminated pursuant to subsection (b) of section 31-53 are insufficient to reimburse all the mechanics, laborers and workers with respect to whom there has been a failure to pay the wages required pursuant to said section 31-53, such mechanics, laborers and workers shall have the right of action and of intervention against the contractor and the contractor's sureties conferred by law upon persons furnishing labor or materials, and in such proceedings it shall be no defense that such mechanics, laborers and workers accepted or agreed to accept less than the required wages or that such persons voluntarily made refunds.

(P.A. 73-566, S. 2; P.A. 78-362, S. 1, 3; P.A. 91-74, S. 2; 91-407, S. 40, 42; P.A. 93-392, S. 2; P.A. 97-263, S. 15; P.A. 04-102, S. 1; P.A. 21-43, S. 2.)

History: P.A. 78-362 required that list distributed by commissioner to departments of the state and to its political subdivisions contain names of those who have been barred from federal government contracts in accordance with provisions of Davis-Bacon Act in Subsec. (a); P.A. 91-74 amended Subsec. (a) by increasing the period of ineligibility from three years to five years; P.A. 91-407 changed effective date of P.A. 91-74 from October 1, 1991, to July 1, 1991; P.A. 93-392 amended Subsec. (a) to add reference to Sec. 31-76c, to require that list distributed by labor commissioner to departments of the state and to its political subdivisions contain names of those who have violated overtime laws of the state on public works projects and to decrease the period of ineligibility from five to a maximum of three years, as determined by the commissioner; P.A. 97-263 incorporated changes to Sec. 31-53 by reference; P.A. 04-102 made technical changes in Subsec. (a), designated portion of said Subsec. as new Subsec. (b) and amended same by designating existing provisions as Subdiv. (1), providing that list referred to in said Subdiv. is debarment list distributed by the Labor Commissioner pursuant to Subsec. (a), and adding Subdivs. (2), (3) and (4) re general contractors' and subcontractors' obligations and potential liability for civil penalties relative to service on public works or state highway projects, and redesignated existing Subsec. (b) as Subsec. (c), making technical changes therein; P.A. 21-43 amended Subsec. (a) by adding Subdivs. (1) and (2) designators, adding Subdiv. (3) re submittal of false, misleading or materially inaccurate information, and making technical changes, effective July 1, 2021.

Cited. 223 C. 573.

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- (a) Each contract for a public works project entered into on or after July 1, 2009, by the state or any of its agents, or by any political subdivision of the state or any of its agents, described in subsection (h) of section 31-53, shall contain a provision requiring that each contractor furnish proof with the weekly certified payroll form for the first week each employee begins work on such project that any person performing the work of a mechanic, laborer or worker pursuant to the classifications of labor under section 31-53 on such public works project, pursuant to such contract, has completed a course of at least ten hours in duration in construction safety and health approved by the federal Occupational Safety and Health Administration or, has completed a new miner training program approved by the Federal Mine Safety and Health Administration in accordance with 30 CFR 46 or, in the case of telecommunications employees, has completed at least ten hours of training in accordance with 29 CFR 1910.268, and, on or after July 1, 2012, that any plumber or electrician subject to the continuing education requirements of section 20-334d, who has completed a course of at least ten hours in duration in construction safety and health approved by the federal Occupational Safety and Health Administration five or more years prior to the date such electrician or plumber begins work on such public works project, has completed a supplemental refresher training course of at least four hours in duration in construction safety and health taught by a federal Occupational Safety and Health Administration authorized trainer.
- (b) Any person required to complete a course or program under subsection (a) of this section who has not completed the course or program shall be subject to removal from the worksite if the person does not provide documentation of having completed such course or program by the fifteenth day after the date the person is found to be in noncompliance. The Labor Commissioner or said commissioner's designee shall enforce this section.
- (c) Not later than January 1, 2012, the Labor Commissioner shall adopt regulations, in accordance with the provisions of chapter 54, to implement the provisions of subsections (a) and (b) of this section. Such regulations shall require that the ten-hour construction safety and health courses required under subsection (a) of this section be conducted in accordance with federal Occupational Safety and Health Administration Training Institute standards, or, in the case of a supplemental refresher training course, shall include, but not be limited to, an update of revised Occupational Safety and Health Administration standards and a review of required construction hazards training, or in accordance with Federal Mine Safety and Health Administration Standards or in accordance with 29 CFR 1910.268, as appropriate. The Labor Commissioner shall accept as sufficient proof of compliance with the provisions of subsection (a) or (b) of this section a student course completion card issued by the federal Occupational Safety and Health Administration Training Institute, or such other proof of compliance said commissioner deems appropriate, dated no earlier than five years before the commencement date of such public works project or, in the case of supplemental refresher training, a student course completion card issued by said Occupational Safety and Health Administration authorized trainer dated not earlier than five years prior to the date such electrician or plumber begins work on such public works project.
- (d) This section shall not apply to employees of public service companies, as defined in section <u>16-1</u>, or drivers of commercial motor vehicles driving the vehicle on the public works project and delivering or picking up cargo from public works projects provided they perform no labor relating to the project other than the loading and unloading of their cargo.

(P.A. 06-175, S. 1; P.A. 08-83, S. 1; P.A. 10-47, S. 2; P.A. 11-63, S. 1.)

History: P.A. 08-83 amended Subsec. (a) by making provisions applicable to public works project contracts entered into on or after July 1, 2009, replacing provision re total cost of work with reference to Sec. 31-53(g), requiring proof in certified payroll form that new mechanic, laborer or worker has completed a 10-hour or more construction safety course and adding provision re new miner training program, amended Subsec. (b) by substituting "person" for "employee" and adding "or program", amended Subsec. (c) by adding "or in accordance with Federal Mine Safety and Health Administration Standards" and setting new deadline of

January 1, 2009, deleted former Subsec. (d) re "public building", added new Subsec. (d) re exemptions for public service company employees and delivery drivers who perform no labor other than delivery and made conforming and technical changes, effective January 1, 2009; P.A. 10-47 made a technical change in Subsec. (a); P.A. 11-63 amended Subsec. (a) by adding provision re supplemental refresher training course for plumbers and electricians subject to Sec. 20-334d, amended Subsec. (c) by adding provisions re regulations and subject matter of refresher training course and refresher training course student completion cards, and made technical changes, effective July 1, 2011.

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Sec. 31-53c. Construction projects funded by the Department of Economic and Community Development; wage rates. Penalties. (a) For purposes of this section:

- (1) "Business organization" means any sole proprietorship, partnership, corporation, limited liability company, association, firm or other form of business or legal entity;
- (2) "Financial assistance" means any and all forms of loans, cash payments, extensions of credit, guarantees, equity investments, tax abatements or any other form of financing totaling one million dollars or more; and
- (3) "Project" means any construction, remodeling, refinishing, refurbishing, rehabilitation, alteration or repair of any property owned by a business organization.
- (b) On and after July 1, 2018, if the Department of Economic and Community Development provides financial assistance to any business organization for any construction project of such business organization, the Department of Economic and Community Development shall require, as a condition of providing such financial assistance, that any contract entered into by the business organization for such project shall contain the following provision: "The wages paid on an hourly basis to any person performing the work of any mechanic, laborer or worker on the work herein contracted to be done and the amount of payment or contribution paid or payable on behalf of each such person to any employee welfare fund, as defined in subsection (i) of section 31-53, shall be at a rate equal to the rate customary or prevailing for the same work in the same trade or occupation in the town in which such construction, remodeling, refinishing, refurbishing, rehabilitation, alteration or repair project is being undertaken. Any contractor who is not obligated by agreement to make payment or contribution on behalf of such persons to any such employee welfare fund shall pay to each mechanic, laborer or worker as part of such person's wages the amount of payment or contribution for such person's classification on each pay day."
- (c) Any contractor or subcontractor who knowingly or wilfully employs any mechanic, laborer or worker in any project receiving financial assistance from the Department of Economic and Community Development for such project, at a rate of wage on an hourly basis that is less than the rate customary or prevailing for the same work in the same trade or occupation in the town in which such project is located, or who fails to pay the amount of payment or contributions paid or payable on behalf of each such person to any employee welfare fund, as defined in subsection (i) of section 31-53, or in lieu thereof to the person, as provided by subsection (b) of this section, shall be fined not less than two thousand five hundred dollars but not more than five thousand dollars for each offense and (1) for the first violation, shall be disqualified from bidding on contracts for projects for which the Department of Economic and Community Development provides financial assistance until the contractor or subcontractor has made full restitution of the back wages owed to such persons and for an additional six months thereafter, and (2) for subsequent violations, shall be disqualified from bidding on contracts for projects for which the Department of Economic and Community Development provides financial assistance until the contractor or subcontractor has made full restitution of the back wages owed to such persons and for not less than an additional two years thereafter. In addition, if it is found by the contracting officer representing the business organization that any mechanic, laborer or

## **Informational Bulletin**

## THE 10-HOUR OSHA CONSTRUCTION SAFETY AND HEALTH COURSE

(applicable to public building contracts entered into *on or after July 1, 2007*, where the total cost of all work to be performed is at least \$100,000)

- (1) This requirement was created by Public Act No. 06-175, which is codified in Section 31-53b of the Connecticut General Statutes (pertaining to the prevailing wage statutes);
- (2) The course is required for public building construction contracts (projects funded in whole or in part by the state or any political subdivision of the state) entered into on or after July 1, 2007;
- (3) It is required of private employees (not state or municipal employees) and apprentices who perform manual labor for a general contractor or subcontractor on a public building project where the total cost of all work to be performed is at least \$100,000;
- (4) The ten-hour construction course pertains to the ten-hour Outreach Course conducted in accordance with federal OSHA Training Institute standards, and, for telecommunications workers, a ten-hour training course conducted in accordance with federal OSHA standard, 29 CFR 1910.268;
- (5) The internet website for the federal OSHA Training Institute is <a href="http://www.osha.gov/fso/ote/training/edcenters/fact\_sheet.html">http://www.osha.gov/fso/ote/training/edcenters/fact\_sheet.html</a>;
- (6) The statutory language leaves it to the contractor and its employees to determine who pays for the cost of the ten-hour Outreach Course;
- (7) Within 30 days of receiving a contract award, a general contractor must furnish proof to the Labor Commissioner that all employees and apprentices performing manual labor on the project will have completed such a course;
- (8) Proof of completion may be demonstrated through either: (a) the presentation of a *bona fide* student course completion card issued by the federal OSHA Training Institute; *or* (2) the presentation of documentation provided to an employee by a trainer certified by the Institute pending the actual issuance of the completion card;
- (9) Any card with an issuance date more than 5 years prior to the commencement date of the construction project shall not constitute proof of compliance;

- (10) Each employer shall affix a copy of the construction safety course completion card to the certified payroll submitted to the contracting agency in accordance with Conn. Gen. Stat. § 31-53(f) on which such employee's name first appears;
- (11) Any employee found to be in non-compliance shall be subject to removal from the worksite if such employee does not provide satisfactory proof of course completion to the Labor Commissioner by the fifteenth day after the date the employee is determined to be in noncompliance;
- (12) Any such employee who is determined to be in noncompliance may continue to work on a public building construction project for a maximum of fourteen consecutive calendar days while bringing his or her status into compliance;
- (13) The Labor Commissioner may make complaint to the prosecuting authorities regarding any employer or agent of the employer, or officer or agent of the corporation who files a false certified payroll with respect to the status of an employee who is performing manual labor on a public building construction project;
- (14) The statute provides the minimum standards required for the completion of a safety course by manual laborers on public construction contracts; any contractor can exceed these minimum requirements; and
- (15) Regulations clarifying the statute are currently in the regulatory process, and shall be posted on the CTDOL website as soon as they are adopted in final form.
- (16) Any questions regarding this statute may be directed to the Wage and Workplace Standards Division of the Connecticut Labor Department via the internet website of <a href="http://www.ctdol.state.ct.us/wgwkstnd/wgemenu.htm">http://www.ctdol.state.ct.us/wgwkstnd/wgemenu.htm</a>; or by telephone at (860)263-6790.

THE ABOVE INFORMATION IS PROVIDED EXCLUSIVELY AS AN EDUCATIONAL RESOURCE, AND IS NOT INTENDED AS A SUBSTITUTE FOR LEGAL INTERPRETATIONS WHICH MAY ULTMATELY ARISE CONCERNIG THE CONSTRUCTION OF THE STATUTE OR THE REGULATIONS.

### **Notice**

### To All Mason Contractors and Interested Parties Regarding Construction Pursuant to Section 31-53 of the Connecticut General Statutes (Prevailing Wage)

The Connecticut Labor Department Wage and Workplace Standards Division is empowered to enforce the prevailing wage rates on projects covered by the above referenced statute.

Over the past few years the Division has withheld enforcement of the rate in effect for workers who operate a forklift on a prevailing wage rate project due to a potential jurisdictional dispute.

The rate listed in the schedules and in our Occupational Bulletin (see enclosed) has been as follows:

#### **Forklift Operator:**

- Laborers (Group 4) Mason Tenders operates forklift solely to assist a mason to a maximum height of nine feet only.
- Power Equipment Operator (Group 9) operates forklift to assist any trade and to assist a mason to a height over nine feet.

The U.S. Labor Department conducted a survey of rates in Connecticut but it has not been published and the rate in effect remains as outlined in the above Occupational Bulletin.

Since this is a classification matter and not one of jurisdiction, effective January 1, 2007 the Connecticut Labor Department will enforce the rate on each schedule in accordance with our statutory authority.

Your cooperation in filing appropriate and accurate certified payrolls is appreciated.

section shall apply only to state highways and bridges on state highways.

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(1949 Rev., S. 2206; March, 1950, S. 1194d; 1961, P.A. 486, S. 2; 1967, P.A. 494, S. 2; 1969, P.A. 768, S. 260; P.A. 97-263, S. 17; P.A. 21-154, S. 2.)
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History: 1961 act added establishment of rate on hourly basis and provisions re employee welfare funds; 1967 act replaced references to Sec. 31-78 with references to Sec. 31-53; 1969 act replaced highway commissioner with commissioner of transportation; P.A. 97-263 increased amount of fine from \$100 to \$200; P.A. 21-154 deleted provision requiring Labor Commissioner to hold hearing to determine prevailing rate of wages upon highway contract.

See Sec. 7-112 re applicability of section to construction, remodeling or repair of public buildings by state agencies or political subdivisions of state.

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Sec. 31-55. Posting of wage rates by contractors doing state work. Every contractor or subcontractor performing work for the state subject to the provisions of section 31-53 or 31-54 shall post the prevailing wages as determined by the Labor Commissioner in prominent and easily accessible places at the site of work or at such place or places as are used to pay its employees their wages.

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(1955, S. 3020d; P.A. 97-263, S. 16.)
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History: P.A. 97-263 incorporated changes to Secs. 31-53 and 31-54 by reference.

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(Return to Chapter (Return to (Return to Table of Contents) List of Chapters) List of Titles)
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Sec. 31-55a. Annual adjustments to wage rates by contractors doing state work. Each contractor that is awarded a contract on or after October 1, 2002, for (1) the construction of a state highway or bridge that falls under the provisions of section 31-54, or (2) the construction, remodeling, refinishing, refurbishing, rehabilitation, alteration or repair of any public works project that falls under the provisions of section 31-53 shall contact the Labor Commissioner on or before July first of each year, for the duration of such contract, to ascertain the prevailing rate of wages on an hourly basis and the amount of payment or contributions paid or payable on behalf of each mechanic, laborer or worker employed upon the work contracted to be done, and shall make any necessary adjustments to such prevailing rate of wages and such payment or contributions paid or payable on behalf of each such employee, effective each July first.

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(P.A. 02-69, S. 1.)
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(Return to Chapter (Return to (Return to Table of Contents) List of Chapters) List of Titles)
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Sec. 31-56. Hours of labor on state bridges. Section 31-56 is repealed, effective October 1, 2008.

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(1949 Rev., S. 2208; 1963, P.A. 240, S. 2; 1969, P.A. 768, S. 261; P.A. 08-101, S. 31.)
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Sec. 31-56a. Definitions. For the purposes of this section and sections 31-56b and 31-56c:

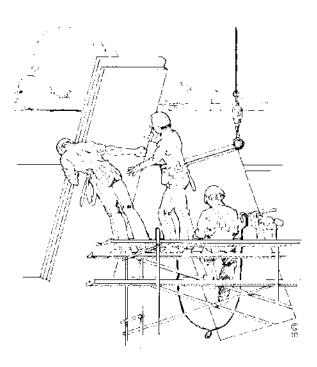
### ~NOTICE~

#### TO ALL CONTRACTING AGENCIES

Please be advised that Connecticut General Statutes Section 31-53, requires the contracting agency to certify to the Department of Labor, the total dollar amount of work to be done in connection with such public works project, regardless of whether such project consists of one or more contracts.

Please find the attached "Contracting Agency Certification Form" to be completed and returned to the Department of Labor, Wage and Workplace Standards Division, Public Contract Compliance Unit.

<sup>∞</sup> Inquiries can be directed to (860) 263-6790.



# CONNECTICUT DEPARTMENT OF LABOR WAGE AND WORKPLACE STANDARDS DIVISION CONTRACT COMPLIANCE UNIT

#### CONTRACTING AGENCY CERTIFICATION FORM

I,	, acting in my official	capacity as
	representative	title
for	, located at	
	tracting agency	address
do hereby ce	ertify that the total dollar amount of work to	be done in connection with
	, located at	
proje	ect name and number	address
shall be \$	, which includes all work,	, regardless of whether such project
consists of o	one or more contracts.	
	CONTRACTOR INFO	RMATION
Name:		
Address:		
Authorized l	Representative:	
Approximate	e Starting Date:	
Approximate	e Completion Date:	
PP		
S	Signature	Date
Return To:	Connecticut Department of Labor Wage & Workplace Standards Division	
	Contract Compliance Unit	
	200 Folly Brook Blvd. Wethersfield, CT 06109	
	,	
Date Issued:		

## CONNECTICUT DEPARTMENT OF LABOR WAGE AND WORKPLACE STANDARDS DIVISION

### CONTRACTORS WAGE CERTIFICATION FORM

I,		of	
I,Officer, Owner, Authoriz	ed Rep.	of Company Name	
do hereby certify that the			
		Company Name	
		Street	
·		City	
and all of its subcontractors wi	ll pay all work	xers on the	
Proj	ect Name and	Number	
S	treet and City		
the wages as listed in the scheois attached hereto).	lule of prevail	ing rates required for such project (	a copy of which
	_	Signed	
Subscribed and sworn to before	e me this	day of	·
<b>.</b>		Notary Public	
Return to:  Connecticut De Wage & Workp 200 Folly Broo Wethersfield, C	olace Standard k Blvd.		
Rate Schedule Issued (Date)	<i>:</i>		

[New] In accordance with Section 31-53b(a) of the C.G.S. each contractor shall provide a copy of the OSHA 10 Hour Construction Safety and Health Card for each employee, to be attached to the first certified payroll on the project.

In accordance with Connecticut General Statutes, 31-53 Certified Payrolls with a statement of compliance shall be submitted monthly to the contracting agency.							PAYROLL CERTIFICATION FOR PUBLIC WORKS PROJECTS  WEEKLY PAYROLL										Connecticut Department of Labor Wage and Workplace Standards Division 200 Folly Brook Blvd. Wethersfield, CT 06109					
CONTRACTOR NAME	AND AI	DDRESS:										SUBCONTRACT	WORKER'S COMPENSATION INSURANCE CARRIER									
PAYROLL NUMBER	Week-I Da	_	PROJECT NAME & A	ADDRESS									POLICY #  EFFECTIVE DATE:  EXPIRATION DATE:									
PERSON/WORKER,	APPR MALE/ WORK DAY AND DATE									Total ST	BASE HOURLY	TYPE OF	GROSS PAY	T	OTAL DEDUCTIONS			GROSS PAY FOR				
		FEMALE AND RACE*	CLASSIFICATION  Trade License Type & Number - OSHA 10 Certification Number	S M		T HOURS W		TH ACH DAY	F	S	Hours  Total  O/T Hours	RATE TOTAL FRINGE BENEFIT PLAN CASH	FRINGE FOR A BENEFITS WOR Per Hour PERFOR	FOR ALL WORK PERFORMED THIS WEEK	FICA	FEDERAL WITH- HOLDING	WITH-	LIST OTHER	THIS PREVAILING RATE JOB	CHECK # AND NET PAY		
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12/9/2013 WWS-CP1		*IF REQU	JIKED									*SEE REVERSE	SIDE					P	AGE NUMBER	OF		

#### \*FRINGE BENEFITS EXPLANATION (P):

Bona fide benefits paid to approved plans, funds or programs, except those required by Federal or State Law (unemployment tax, worker's compensation, income taxes, etc.).

Please specify the type of benefits pr	
_	4) Disability
	5) Vacation, holiday
5) Life insurance	6) Other (please specify)
CERTIFI	IED STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE
For the week ending date of	
I,	of, (hereafter known as
Employer) in my capacity as	(title) do hereby certify and state:
Section A:	
	roject have been paid the full weekly wages earned by them during eticut General Statutes, section 31-53, as amended. Further, I g:
a) The records submitted are	e true and accurate;
contributions paid or payable defined in Connecticut Gene of wages and the amount of person to any employee well	be each mechanic, laborer or workman and the amount of payment or e on behalf of each such person to any employee welfare fund, as eral Statutes, section 31-53 (h), are not less than the prevailing rate payment or contributions paid or payable on behalf of each such fare fund, as determined by the Labor Commissioner pursuant to eral Statutes, section 31-53 (d), and said wages and benefits are not lso be required by contract;
	lied with all of the provisions in Connecticut General Statutes, 31-54 if applicable for state highway construction);
	ered by a worker's compensation insurance policy for the duration of f of coverage has been provided to the contracting agency;
gift, gratuity, thing of value, indirectly, to any prime cont employee for the purpose of	ceeive kickbacks, which means any money, fee, commission, credit, or compensation of any kind which is provided directly or tractor, prime contractor employee, subcontractor, or subcontractor improperly obtaining or rewarding favorable treatment in attract or in connection with a prime contractor in connection with a rime contractor; and
	at filing a certified payroll which he knows to be false is a class D ver may be fined up to five thousand dollars, imprisoned for up to
- ·	ffix a copy of the construction safety course, program or the certified payroll required to be submitted to the contracting such persons name first appears.
(Signature)	(Title) Submitted on (Date)

Weekly Payroll Certification For Public Works Projects (Continued)

#### PAYROLL CERTIFICATION FOR PUBLIC WORKS PROJECTS

Week-Ending Date:

Contractor or Subcontractor Business Name:

#### WEEKLY PAYROLL

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\*IF REQUIRED

12/9/2013 WWS-CP2

NOTICE: THIS PAGE MUST BE ACCOMPANIED BY A COVER PAGE (FORM # WWS-CP1)

PAGE NUMBER \_\_\_\_OF

## Information Bulletin Occupational Classifications

The Connecticut Department of Labor has the responsibility to properly determine "job classification" on prevailing wage projects covered under C.G.S. Section 31-53(d).

Note: This information is intended to provide a sample of some occupational classifications for guidance purposes only. It is not an all-inclusive list of each occupation's duties. This list is being provided only to highlight some areas where a contractor may be unclear regarding the proper classification. If unsure, the employer should seek guidelines for CTDOL.

Below are additional clarifications of specific job duties performed for certain classifications:

#### • ASBESTOS WORKERS

Applies all insulating materials, protective coverings, coatings and finishes to all types of mechanical systems.

#### • ASBESTOS INSULATOR

Handle, install apply, fabricate, distribute, prepare, alter, repair, dismantle, heat and frost insulation, including penetration and fire stopping work on all penetration fire stop systems.

#### • BOILERMAKERS

Erects hydro plants, incomplete vessels, steel stacks, storage tanks for water, fuel, etc. Builds incomplete boilers, repairs heat exchanges and steam generators.

 BRICKLAYERS, CEMENT MASONS, CEMENT FINISHERS, MARBLE MASONS, PLASTERERS, STONE MASONS, PLASTERERS. STONE MASONS, TERRAZZO WORKERS, TILE SETTERS

Lays building materials such as brick, structural tile and concrete cinder, glass, gypsum, terra cotta block. Cuts, tools and sets marble, sets stone, finishes concrete, applies decorative steel, aluminum and plastic tile, applies cements, sand, pigment and marble chips to floors, stairways, etc.

#### • <u>CARPENTERS, MILLWRIGHTS. PILEDRIVERMEN. LATHERS. RESILEINT FLOOR</u> LAYERS, DOCK BUILDERS, DIKERS, DIVER TENDERS

Constructs, erects, installs and repairs structures and fixtures of wood, plywood and wallboard. Installs, assembles, dismantles, moves industrial machinery. Drives piling into ground to provide foundations for structures such as buildings and bridges, retaining walls for earth embankments, such as cofferdams. Fastens wooden, metal or rockboard lath to walls, ceilings and partitions of buildings, acoustical tile layer, concrete form builder. Applies firestopping materials on fire resistive joint systems only. Installation of curtain/window walls only where attached to wood or metal studs. Installation of insulated material of all types whether blown, nailed or attached in other ways to walls, ceilings and floors of buildings. Assembly and installation of modular furniture/furniture systems. Free-standing furniture is not covered. This includes free standing: student chairs, study top desks, book box desks, computer furniture, dictionary stand, atlas stand, wood shelving, two-position information access station, file cabinets, storage cabinets, tables, etc.

#### LABORER, CLEANING

• The clean up of any construction debris and the general (heavy/light) cleaning, including sweeping, wash down, mopping, wiping of the construction facility and its furniture, washing, polishing, and dusting.

#### DELIVERY PERSONNEL

- If delivery of supplies/building materials is to one common point and stockpiled there, prevailing wages <u>are not required</u>. If the delivery personnel are involved in the distribution of the material to multiple locations within the construction site then they would have to be paid prevailing wages for the type of work performed: laborer, equipment operator, electrician, ironworker, plumber, etc.
- An example of this would be where delivery of drywall is made to a building and the delivery personnel distribute the drywall from one "stockpile" location to further sub-locations on each floor. Distribution of material around a construction site is the job of a laborer or tradesman, and not a delivery personnel.

#### • ELECTRICIANS

Install, erect, maintenance, alteration or repair of any wire, cable, conduit, etc., which generates, transforms, transmits or uses electrical energy for light, heat, power or other purposes, including the Installation or maintenance of telecommunication, LAN wiring or computer equipment, and low voltage wiring. \*License required per Connecticut General Statutes: E-1,2 L-5,6 C-5,6 T-1,2 L-1,2 V-1,2,7,8,9.

#### • ELEVATOR CONSTRUCTORS

Install, erect, maintenance and repair of all types of elevators, escalators, dumb waiters and moving walks. \*License required by Connecticut General Statutes: R-1,2,5,6.

#### • FORK LIFT OPERATOR

Laborers Group 4) Mason Tenders - operates forklift solely to assist a mason to a maximum height of nine (9) feet only.

Power Equipment Operator Group 9 - operates forklift to assist any trade, and to assist a mason to a height over nine (9) feet.

#### GLAZIERS

Glazing wood and metal sash, doors, partitions, and 2 story aluminum storefronts. Installs glass windows, skylights, store fronts and display cases or surfaces such as building fronts, interior walls, ceilings and table tops and metal store fronts. Installation of aluminum window walls and curtain walls is the "joint" work of glaziers and ironworkers, which require equal composite workforce.

#### • IRONWORKERS

Erection, installation and placement of structural steel, precast concrete, miscellaneous iron, ornamental iron, metal curtain wall, rigging and reinforcing steel. Handling, sorting, and installation of reinforcing steel (rebar). Metal bridge rail (traffic), metal bridge handrail, and decorative security fence installation. Installation of aluminum window walls and curtain walls is the "joint" work of glaziers and ironworkers which require equal composite workforce.

#### INSULATOR

• Installing fire stopping systems/materials for "Penetration Firestop Systems": transit to cables, electrical conduits, insulated pipes, sprinkler pipe penetrations, ductwork behind radiation, electrical cable trays, fire rated pipe penetrations, natural polypropylene, HVAC ducts, plumbing bare metal, telephone and communication wires, and boiler room ceilings.

#### LABORERS

Acetylene burners, asphalt rakers, chain saw operators, concrete and power buggy operator, concrete saw operator, fence and guard rail erector (except metal bridge rail (traffic), decorative security fence (non-metal).

installation.), hand operated concrete vibrator operator, mason tenders, pipelayers (installation of storm drainage or sewage lines on the street only), pneumatic drill operator, pneumatic gas and electric drill operator, powermen and wagon drill operator, air track operator, block paver, curb setters, blasters, concrete spreaders.

#### PAINTERS

Maintenance, preparation, cleaning, blasting (water and sand, etc.), painting or application of any protective coatings of every description on all bridges and appurtenances of highways, roadways, and railroads. Painting, decorating, hardwood finishing, paper hanging, sign writing, scenic art work and drywall hhg for any and all types of building and residential work.

#### • LEAD PAINT REMOVAL

- Painter's Rate
  - 1. Removal of lead paint from bridges.
  - 2. Removal of lead paint as preparation of any surface to be repainted.
  - 3. Where removal is on a Demolition project prior to reconstruction.
- Laborer's Rate
  - 1. Removal of lead paint from any surface NOT to be repainted.
  - 2. Where removal is on a TOTAL Demolition project only.

#### • PLUMBERS AND PIPEFITTERS

Installation, repair, replacement, alteration or maintenance of all plumbing, heating, cooling and piping. \*License required per Connecticut General Statutes: P-1,2,6,7,8,9 J-1,2,3,4 SP-1,2 S-1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8 B-1,2,3,4 D-1,2,3,4.

#### • POWER EQUIPMENT OPERATORS

Operates several types of power construction equipment such as compressors, pumps, hoists, derricks, cranes, shovels, tractors, scrapers or motor graders, etc. Repairs and maintains equipment. \*License required, crane operators only, per Connecticut General Statutes.

#### ROOFERS

Covers roofs with composition shingles or sheets, wood shingles, slate or asphalt and gravel to waterproof roofs, including preparation of surface. (demolition or removal of any type of roofing and or clean-up of any and all areas where a roof is to be relaid.)

#### • SHEETMETAL WORKERS

Fabricate, assembles, installs and repairs sheetmetal products and equipment in such areas as ventilation, air-conditioning, warm air heating, restaurant equipment, architectural sheet metal work, sheetmetal roofing, and aluminum gutters. Fabrication, handling, assembling, erecting, altering, repairing, etc. of coated metal material panels and composite metal material panels when used on building exteriors and interiors as soffits, facia, louvers, partitions, canopies, cornice, column covers, awnings, beam covers, cladding, sun shades, lighting troughs, spires, ornamental roofing, metal ceilings, mansards, copings, ornamental and ventilation hoods, vertical and horizontal siding panels, trim, etc. The sheet metal classification also applies to the vast variety of coated metal material panels and composite metal material panels that have evolved over the years as an alternative to conventional ferrous and non-ferrous metals like steel, iron, tin, copper, brass, bronze, aluminum, etc. Fabrication, handling, assembling, erecting, altering, repairing, etc. of architectural metal roof, standing seam roof, composite metal roof, metal and composite bathroom/toilet partitions, aluminum gutters, metal and composite lockers and shelving, kitchen equipment, and walk-in coolers. To include testing and air –balancing ancillary to installation and construction.

#### • SPRINKLER FITTERS

Installation, alteration, maintenance and repair of fire protection sprinkler systems. \*License required per Connecticut General Statutes: F-1,2,3,4.

#### • <u>TILE MARBLE AND TERRAZZO FINISHERS</u>

Assists and tends the tile setter, marble mason and terrazzo worker in the performance of their duties.

#### • TRUCK DRIVERS

~How to pay truck drivers delivering asphalt is under <a href="REVISION">REVISION~</a>

Truck Drivers are requires to be paid prevailing wage for time spent "working" directly on the site. These drivers remain covered by the prevailing wage for any time spent transporting between the actual construction location and facilities (such as fabrication, plants, mobile factories, batch plant, borrow pits, job headquarters, tool yards, etc.) dedicated exclusively, or nearly so, to performance of the contract or project, which are so located in proximity to the actual construction location that it is reasonable to include them. \*License required, drivers only, per Connecticut General Statutes.

#### For example:

- Material men and deliverymen are not covered under prevailing wage as long as they are not directly involved in the construction process. If, they unload the material, they would then be covered by prevailing wage for the classification they are performing work in: laborer, equipment operator, etc.
- Hauling material off site is not covered provided they are not dumping it at a location outlined above.
- Driving a truck on site and moving equipment or materials on site would be considered covered work, as this is part of the construction process.

Any questions regarding the proper classification should be directed to:

Public Contract Compliance Unit

Wage and Workplace Standards Division

Connecticut Department of Labor

200 Folly Brook Blvd, Wethersfield, CT 06109

(860) 263-6790.

#### Connecticut Department of Labor Wage and Workplace Standards Division FOOTNOTES

Please Note: If the "Benefits" listed on the schedule for the following occupations includes a letter(s) (+ a or + a+b for instance), refer to the information below.

Benefits to be paid at the appropriate prevailing wage rate for the listed occupation.

If the "Benefits" section for the occupation lists only a dollar amount, disregard the information below.

## Bricklayers, Cement Masons, Cement Finishers, Concrete Finishers, Stone Masons (Building Construction) and

(Residential- Hartford, Middlesex, New Haven, New London and Tolland Counties)

a. Paid Holiday: Employees shall receive 4 hours for Christmas Eve holiday provided the employee works the regularly scheduled day before and after the holiday. Employers may schedule work on Christmas Eve and employees shall receive pay for actual hours worked in addition to holiday pay.

#### **Elevator Constructors: Mechanics**

- a. Paid Holidays: New Year's Day, Memorial Day, Independence Day, Labor Day, Veterans' Day, Thanksgiving Day, Christmas Day, plus the Friday after Thanksgiving.
- b. Vacation: Employer contributes 8% of basic hourly rate for 5 years or more of service or 6% of basic hourly rate for 6 months to 5 years of service as vacation pay credit.

#### **Glaziers**

a. Paid Holidays: Labor Day and Christmas Day.

#### **Power Equipment Operators**

(Heavy and Highway Construction & Building Construction)

a. Paid Holidays: New Year's Day, Good Friday, Memorial day, Independence Day, Labor Day, Thanksgiving Day and Christmas Day, provided the employee works 3 days during the week in which the holiday falls, if scheduled, and if scheduled, the working day before and the working day after the holiday. Holidays falling on Saturday may be observed on Saturday, or if the employer so elects, on the preceding Friday.

#### **Ironworkers**

a. Paid Holiday: Labor Day provided employee has been on the payroll for the 5 consecutive work days prior to Labor Day.

#### **Laborers (Tunnel Construction)**

a. Paid Holidays: New Year's Day, Memorial Day, Independence Day, Labor Day, Thanksgiving Day and Christmas Day. No employee shall be eligible for holiday pay when he fails, without cause, to work the regular work day preceding the holiday or the regular work day following the holiday.

#### **Roofers**

a. Paid Holidays: July 4<sup>th</sup>, Labor Day, and Christmas Day provided the employee is employed 15 days prior to the holiday.

#### **Sprinkler Fitters**

a. Paid Holidays: Memorial Day, July 4th, Labor Day, Thanksgiving Day and Christmas Day, provided the employee has been in the employment of a contractor 20 working days prior to any such paid holiday.

#### **Truck Drivers**

(Heavy and Highway Construction & Building Construction)

a. Paid Holidays: New Year's Day, Memorial Day, Independence Day, Labor Day, Thanksgiving Day, Christmas day, and Good Friday, provided the employee has at least 31 calendar days of service and works the last scheduled day before and the first scheduled day after the holiday, unless excused.